Vocabu-Lit Correlation to English IV Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills

| Texas essential knowledge and skills | |
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| §110.34. English Language Arts and Reading, English IV (One Credit), Beginning with School Year 2009-2010. | Vocabu-Lit Level K |
| (b) Knowledge and skills. | |
| (1) Reading/Vocabulary Development. Students understand new vocabulary | |
| and use it when reading and writing. Students are expected to: | |
| (A) determine the meaning of technical academic English words in multiple content | 13, 22, 48, 61, 74, 100, 126, |
| areas (e.g., science, mathematics, social studies, the arts) derived from Latin, Greek, | 127, 135, 139, 152 |
| or other linguistic roots and affixes; | |
| (B) analyze textual context (within a sentence and in larger sections of text) to draw | 2, 4, 6, 10, 14, 18, 28, 32, 36, |
| conclusions about the nuance in word meanings; | 40, 44, 54, 58, 62, 66, 70, 80, |
| | 84, 88, 92, 96, 106, 110, 114, |
| | 118, 122, 132, 136, 140, 144, |
| | 148 |
| (C) use the relationship between words encountered in analogies to determine their | 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 31, 35, 39, 43, |
| meanings (e.g., synonyms/antonyms, connotation/denotation); | 47, 57, 61, 65, 69, 73, 83, 87, |
| | 91, 95, 99, 109, 113, 117, 125, |
| | 139, 143, 147, 151 |
| (D) analyze and explain how the English language has developed and been | 113 |
| | |
| influenced by other languages; and | |
| (E) use general and specialized dictionaries, thesauri, histories of language, books of | 3, 7, 11, 15, 19, 29, 33, 37, 41, |
| | 45, 55, 59, 63, 67, 71, 81, 85, |
| (E) use general and specialized dictionaries, thesauri, histories of language, books of | 45, 55, 59, 63, 67, 71, 81, 85, 89, 93, 97, 107, 111, 115, 119, |
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Vocabu-Lit Correlation to English IV Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills

| §110.34. English Language Arts and Reading, English IV (One Credit), | Vocabu-Lit Level K |
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| Beginning with School Year 2009-2010. | |
| (21) Research/Gathering Sources. Students determine, locate, and explore the | 27, 105, 157 |
| full range of relevant sources addressing a research question and systematically | |
| record the information they gather. Students are expected to: | |
| (A) follow the research plan to gather evidence from experts on the topic and texts | |
| written for informed audiences in the field, distinguishing between reliable and | |
| unreliable sources and avoiding over-reliance on one source; | |
| (B) systematically organize relevant and accurate information to support central | |
| ideas, concepts, and themes, outline ideas into conceptual maps/timelines, and | |
| separate factual data from complex inferences; and | |
| (C) paraphrase, summarize, quote, and accurately cite all researched information | |
| according to a standard format (e.g., author, title, page number), differentiating | |
| among primary, secondary, and other sources. | |
| (22) Research/Synthesizing Information. Students clarify research questions | 27, 105, 157 |
| and evaluate and synthesize collected information. Students are expected to: | |
| (A) modify the major research question as necessary to refocus the research plan; | |
| (B) differentiate between theories and the evidence that supports them and determine | |
| whether the evidence found is weak or strong and how that evidence helps create a | |
| cogent argument; and | |
| (C) critique the research process at each step to implement changes as the need | |
| occurs and is identified. | |
| (23) Research/Organizing and Presenting Ideas. Students organize and present | 27, 105, 157 |
| their ideas and information according to the purpose of the research and their | |
| audience. Students are expected to synthesize the research into an extended | |
| written or oral presentation that: | |
| (A) provides an analysis that supports and develops personal opinions, as opposed to | |
| simply restating existing information; | |
| (B) uses a variety of formats and rhetorical strategies to argue for the thesis; | |
| (C) develops an argument that incorporates the complexities of and discrepancies in | |
| information from multiple sources and perspectives while anticipating and refuting | |
| counter-arguments; | |
| (D) uses a style manual (e.g., Modern Language Association, Chicago Manual of | |
| Style) to document sources and format written materials; and | |
| (E) is of sufficient length and complexity to address the topic. | |