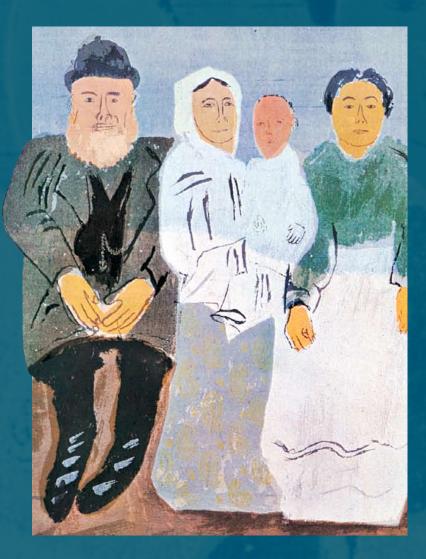


FROM THERE TO HERE The Immigrant Experience



TEACHER GUIDE

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History/Social Studies Standards » R	eading » Grades 6-8 (RH)				
Key Ideas and Details					
1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources.	SB: pp. 9–12, 32, 86 TG: pp. 15–16, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24–25, 27–28, 30, 31, 32, 33, 40, 41, 44–45, 50, 52, 64, 65, 66, 68, 73 IWL: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 2.1, 2.2, 3.3, 3.4, 5.3, 5.4				
2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.	SB: pp. 32, 86 TG: pp. 19, 23, 24–25, 44–45, 66 IWL: 1.3, 1.4, 3.3, 3.4				
3. Identify key steps in a text's description of a process related to history/social studies (e.g., how a bill becomes law, how interest rates are raised or lowered).	TG: pp. 30, 41				
Craft and Structure					
4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies.	SB: pp. 9–12 TG: pp. 17, 26, 29, 31, 36, 39, 46, 49, 58, 62, 65, 69				
5. Describe how a text presents information (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally).	TG: p. 63				
6. Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts).	TG: pp. 19, 20, 22, 23, 32, 52, 64, 65, 66, 68				
Integration of Knowledge	e and Ideas				
7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts.	TG: pp. 43, 66				
8. Distinguish among fact, opinion, and reasoned judgment in a text.	TG: p. 68				
9. Analyze the relationship between a primary and secondary source on the same topic.	SB: pp. 32, 122 TG: pp. 24–25, 43, 56–57 IWL: 1.3, 1.4, 4.3, 4.4				
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity					
10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	 SB: The anthology includes texts of varying levels of complexity. TG: Suggestions for additional readings on page 78 include selections that are challenging, average, and easy. 				

History/Social Studies Standards » Writi	ng » Grades 6-8 (WHST)				
Text Types and Purposes					
 Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content. a. Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an understanding of the topic or text, using credible sources. c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. d. Establish and maintain a formal style. e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented. 	TG: pp. 66, 71–72, 74				
 Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes. a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories as appropriate to achieving purpose; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. b. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone. f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented. 	SB: p. 32 TG: pp. 24–25, 59–61, 70, 71–72 IWL: 1.3, 1.4, 5.1, 5.2				
3. Not applicable as a separate requirement.	Not applicable as a separate requirement.				
Production and Distribution a	of Writing				
4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 74, 75–77				
5. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.	TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 75–77				
6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.	TG: pp. 71–72				
Research to Build and Present	Knowledge				
7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.	SB: pp. 9–12 TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 75-77				

History/Social Studies Standards \gg Writi	ng » Grades 6-8 (WHST)		
8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 75-77		
9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	SB: pp. 9–12 TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 74, 75-77		
Range of Writing			
10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 74		

English Language Arts Standards » Grade 7 (RL)				
Key Ideas and Det	ails			
1. Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	SB: pp. 32, 62 TG: pp. 15–16, 18, 21, 23, 24–25, 27–28, 31, 32, 33, 34–35, 40, 42, 43, 51, 52, 54, 55, 67, 73 IWL: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 5.3, 5.4			
2. Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.	SB: pp. 32, 122 TG: pp. 21, 24–25, 33, 42, 51, 54, 55, 56–57, 67 IWL: 1.3, 1.4, 4.3, 4.4			
3. Analyze how particular elements of a story or drama interact (e.g., how setting shapes the characters or plot).	SB: p. 62 TG: pp. 31, 32, 33, 34–35, 40, 42, 67 IWL: 2.3, 2.4			
Craft and Structu	ıre			
4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama.	TG: pp. 17, 18, 23, 26, 29, 31, 32, 33, 36, 39, 40, 42, 46, 49, 55, 58, 62, 67, 69			
5. Analyze how a drama's or poem's form or structure (e.g., soliloquy, sonnet) contributes to its meaning.	TG: pp. 21, 22, 67			
6. Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text.	TG: pp. 21, 30, 33, 40, 43, 51, 54			
Integration of Knowledge	e and Ideas			
7. Compare and contrast a written story, drama, or poem to its audio, filmed, staged, or multimedia version, analyzing the effects of techniques unique to each medium (e.g., lighting, sound, color, or camera focus and angles in a film).				
8. (Not applicable to literature)	(Not applicable to literature)			
9. Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history.	SB: p. 122 TG: pp. 43, 54, 56–57 IWL: 4.3, 4.4			
Range of Reading and Level of	Text Complexity			
10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 6–8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	 SB: The anthology includes texts of varying levels of complexity. TG: Suggestions for additional readings on page 78 include selections that are challenging, average, and easy. 			

English Language Arts Standards » Rea Grade 7 (RI)				
Key Ideas and Det	tails			
 Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. 	SB: pp. 9–12, 32, 86 TG: pp. 15–16, 19, 20, 24–25, 27–28, 30, 41, 44–45, 53, 63, 73 IWL: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 2.1, 2.2, 3.3, 3.4, 5.3, 5.4			
Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.	SB: pp. 9–12, 32 TG: pp. 19, 24–25, 30, 41, 66 IWL: 1.3, 1.4			
 Analyze the interactions between individuals, events, and ideas in a text (e.g., how ideas influence individuals or events, or how individuals influence ideas or events). 	TG: pp. 20, 27–28, 41, 53, 63, 64, 66 IWL: 2.1, 2.2			
Craft and Struct	ure			
 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone. 	SB: pp. 9–12 TG: pp. 17, 19, 20, 26, 29, 36, 39, 46, 49, 58, 62, 64, 68, 69			
 Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to the development of the ideas. 				
6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others.	TG: pp. 15–16, 19, 68 IWL: 1.1, 1.2			
Integration of Knowledge	e and Ideas			
 Compare and contrast a text to an audio, video, or multimedia version of the text, analyzing each medium's portrayal of the subject (e.g., how the delivery of a speech affects the impact of the words). 	TG: pp. 41, 66			
 Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims. 	TG: pp. 47–48, 59–61, 68 IWL: 4.1, 4.2, 5.1, 5.2			
9. Analyze how two or more authors writing about the same topic shape their presentations of key information by emphasizing different evidence or advancing different interpretations of facts.SB: p. 122 TG: pp. 27–28, 54, 56–57 IWL: 2.1, 2.2, 4.3, 4.4				
Range of Reading and Level of	Text Complexity			
10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 6–8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	 SB: The anthology includes texts of varying levels of complexity. TG: Suggestions for additional readings on page 78 include selections that are challenging, average, and easy. 			

English Language Arts Standards »	Writing » Grade 7 (W)
Text Types and Pur	poses
 Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. a. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text. c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), reasons, and evidence. d. Establish and maintain a formal style. e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented. 	TG: pp. 51, 71–72, 74
 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. b. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. c. Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. e. Establish and maintain a formal style. f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented. 	SB: p. 32 TG: pp. 15–16, 24–25, 59–61, 70, 71–72 IWL: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 5.1, 5.2
 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences. a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically. b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another. d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events. e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events. 	SB: pp. 62, 86 TG: pp. 21, 23, 30, 34–35, 42, 44–45, 71–72 IWL: 2.3, 2.4, 3.3, 3.4

English Language Arts Standards »	Writing » Grade 7 (W)				
Production and Distribution of Writing					
4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 74, 75-77				
5. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.	TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 75-77				
6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and link to and cite sources as well as to interact and collaborate with others, including linking to and citing sources.	TG: pp. 71–72				
Research to Build and Prese	nt Knowledge				
7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation.	SB: pp. 9–12 TG: pp. 15–16, 70, 71–72, 75-77 IWL: 1.1, 1.2				
8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 75-77				
9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	SB: p. 86 TG: pp. 44–45, 70, 71–72, 74, 75-77 IWL: 3.3, 3.4				
Range of Writing					
10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 74				

English Language Arts Standards » Speaking and Listening » Grade 7 (SL)						
Comprehension and Coll	Comprehension and Collaboration					
 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 7 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. b. Follow rules for collegial discussions, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed. c. Pose questions that elicit elaboration and respond to others' questions and ideas that bring the discussion back on topic as needed. d. Acknowledge new information expressed by others and, when warranted, modify their own views. 	SB : pp. 9–12, 32 TG : pp. 24–25, 31, 33, 40, 52, 65, 70, 71–72, 73 IWL : 1.3, 1.4, 5.3, 5.4					
2. Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.	SB: pp. 9–12 TG: pp. 20, 68, 70, 71–72, 73 IWL: 5.3, 5.4					
3. Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.	TG: pp. 19, 22, 40, 65, 68, 70, 71–72					
Presentation of Knowledg	e and Ideas					
4. Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with pertinent descriptions, facts, details, and examples; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.	SB: pp. 9–12 TG: pp. 20, 31, 40, 51, 65, 68, 70, 71–72, 75-77					
 Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize salient points. 	TG: pp. 71–72, 75-77					
6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.	TG: pp. 19, 33, 71–72, 75-77					

History/Social Studies Standards » R	eading » Grades 6-8 (RH)				
Key Ideas and Details					
1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources.	SB: pp. 9–12, 32, 86 TG: pp. 15–16, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24–25, 27–28, 30, 31, 32, 33, 40, 41, 44–45, 50, 52, 64, 65, 66, 68, 73 IWL: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 2.1, 2.2, 3.3, 3.4, 5.3, 5.4				
 Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. 	SB: pp. 32, 86 TG: pp. 19, 23, 24–25, 44–45, 66 IWL: 1.3, 1.4, 3.3, 3.4				
3. Identify key steps in a text's description of a process related to history/social studies (e.g., how a bill becomes law, how interest rates are raised or lowered).	TG: pp. 30, 41				
Craft and Struct	ure				
4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies.	SB: pp. 9–12 TG: pp. 17, 26, 29, 31, 36, 39, 46, 49, 58, 62, 65, 69				
5. Describe how a text presents information (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally).	TG: p. 63				
 Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts). 	TG: pp. 19, 20, 22, 23, 32, 52, 64, 65, 66, 68				
Integration of Knowledg	e and Ideas				
7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts.	TG: pp. 41, 43, 66				
8. Distinguish among fact, opinion, and reasoned judgment in a text.	TG: p. 68				
9. Analyze the relationship between a primary and secondary source on the same topic.SB: pp. 32, 122 TG: pp. 24–25, 43, 56–57 IWL: 1.3, 1.4, 4.3, 4.4					
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity					
10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	 SB: The anthology includes texts of varying levels of complexity. TG: Suggestions for additional readings on page 78 include selections that are challenging, average, and easy. 				

History/Social Studies Standards » Wr	iting » Grades 6-8 (WHST)				
Text Types and Purposes					
 Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content. a. Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an understanding of the topic or text, using credible sources. c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. d. Establish and maintain a formal style. e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented. 	TG: pp. 66, 71–72, 74				
 Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes. a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories as appropriate to achieving purpose; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. b. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone. f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented. 	SB : p. 32 TG : pp. 24–25, 59–61, 70, 71–72 IWL: 1.3, 1.4, 5.1, 5.2				
3. Not applicable as a separate requirement.	Not applicable as a separate requirement.				
Production and Distributio	-				
4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 74, 75-77				
5. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.	TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 75-77				
6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.	TG: pp. 71–72				
Research to Build and Prese	nt Knowledge				
7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.	SB: pp. 9–12 TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 75-77				

History/Social Studies Standards \gg Wr	iting » Grades 6-8 (WHST)			
8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 75-77			
9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	SB: pp. 9–12 TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 74, 75-77			
Range of Writing				
10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 74			

All Standards Correlated by Selection: Grade 7							
Content	Pages	RL ELA Reading Literature	RI ELA Reading Informational Text	W ELA Writing	SL ELA Speaking and Listening	RH HSS Reading	WHST HSS Writing
Concept Vocabulary	SB: p. 12	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6-8.4	
	Cluster	One: Who W	ere the Immigra	nts and Wh	y Did They	come?	1
Teaching the Critical Thinking Skill: Investigating	TG: pp. 15–16 IWL: 1.1, 1.2	RL.7.1	RI.7.1 RI.7.6	W.7.2 W.7.7		RH.6-8.1	
Cluster One Vocabulary	TG: p. 17	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6-8.4	
The New Colossus, Emma Lazarus	TG: p. 18	RL.7.1 RL.7.4					
General Considerations for the Plantation in New England, John Winthrop et al.	TG: p. 19		RI.7.1 RI.7.2 RI.7.4 RI.7.6		SL.7.3 SL.7.6	RH.6-8.1 RH.6-8.2 RH.6-8.6	
A Slave Narrative, Gustavus Vassa	TG: p. 20		RI.7.1 RI.7.3 RI.7.4		SL.7.2 SL.7.4	RH.6–8.1 RH.6–8.6	
Old Skibbereen, Anonymous	TG: p. 21	RL.7.1 RL.7.2 RL.7.5 RL.7.6		W.7.3		RH.6-8.1	
Gold Mountain Poems, Anonymous	TG: p. 22	RL.7.5			SL.7.3	RH.6-8.1 RH.6-8.6	
The Pogroms Were All Around Us, Shmuel Goldman with Milton Meltzer	TG: p. 23	RL.7.1 RL.7.4		W.7.3		RH.6-8.1 RH.6-8.2 RH.6-8.6	
Responding to Cluster One Writing Activity: Investigative Interview	SB: p. 32 TG: pp. 24–25 IWL: 1.3, 1.4	RL.7.1 RL.7.2	RI.7.1 RI.7.2	W.7.2	SL.7.1	RH.6-8.1 RH.6-8.2 RH.6-8.9	WHST.6-8.2
Cluster One Vocabulary Test	TG: p. 26	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6-8.4	

	Al	l Standards	s Correlated b	y Selecti	on: Grade	7	
Content	Pages	RL ELA Reading Literature	RI ELA Reading Informational Text	W ELA Writing	SL ELA Speaking and Listening	RH HSS Reading	WHST HSS Writing
	Clus	ter Two: Wh	at First Experien	ces Did Imr	nigrants Hav	ve?	
Teaching the Critical Thinking Skill: Analyzing	TG: pp. 27–28 IWL: 2.1, 2.2	RL.7.1	RI.7.1 RI.7.3 RI.7.9			RH.6-8.1	
Cluster Two Vocabulary	TG: p. 29	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6-8.4	
Immigrant Kids, Russell Freedman CCSS Exemplar Author	TG: p. 30	RL.7.6	RI.7.1 RI.7.2	W.7.3		RH.6-8.1 RH.6-8.3	
Going to America, Nicholas Gage	TG: p. 31	RL.7.1 RL.7.3 RL.7.4			SL.7.1 SL.7.4	RH.6-8.1 RH.6-8.4	
The Hardships of a Greenhorn, Michael Pupin	TG: p. 32	RL.7.1 RL.7.3 RL.7.4				RH.6-8.1 RH.6-8.6	
Yes, Your Honesty, George and Helen Waite Papashvily	TG: p. 33	RL.7.1 RL.7.2 RL.7.3 RL.7.4 RL.7.6			SL.7.1 SL.7.6	RH.6–8.1	
Responding to Cluster Two Writing Activity: Journal Entry	SB: p. 62 TG: pp. 34–35 IWL: 2.3, 2.4	RL.7.1 RL.7.3		W.7.3			
Cluster Two Vocabulary Test	TG: p. 36	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6-8.4	
	Clus	ter Three: D	id Immigrant Exp	ectations	Match Realit	y?	
Teaching the Critical Thinking Skill: Comparing and Contrasting	TG: pp. 37–38 IWL: 3.1, 3.2						
Cluster Three Vocabulary	TG: p. 39	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6-8.4	
Bananas, Michael Gold	TG: p. 40	RL.7.1 RL.7.3 RL.7.4 RL.7.6			SL.7.1 SL.7.3 SL.7.4	RH.6-8.1	

	Al	l Standards	s Correlated b	y Selectio	on: Grade	7	
Content	Pages	RL ELA Reading Literature	RI ELA Reading Informational Text	W ELA Writing	SL ELA Speaking and Listening	RH HSS Reading	WHST HSS Writing
Beyond the Pale, Ronald Takaki	TG: p. 41		RI.7.1 RI.7.2 RI.7.3 RI.7.7			RH.6-8.1 RH.6-8.3 RH.6-8.7	
Tears of Autumn, Yoshiko Uchida	TG: p. 42	RL.7.1 RL.7.2 RL.7.3 RL.7.4		W.7.3			
America, Stephen Sondheim	TG: p. 43	RL.7.1 RL.7.6 RL.7.9				RH.6–8.7 RH.6–8.9	
Responding to Cluster Three Writing Activity: Fictional Dialogue	SB: p. 86 TG: pp. 44–45 IWL: 3.3, 3.4		RI.7.1	W.7.3 W.7.9		RH.6-8.1 RH.6-8.2	
Cluster Three Vocabulary Test	TG: p. 46	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6-8.4	
	Clu	ster Four: W	hat Is the Immi	grant Expe	rience Today	,?	
Teaching the Critical Thinking Skill: Evaluating	TG: pp. 47–48 IWL: 4.1, 4.2		RI.7.8				
Cluster Four Vocabulary	TG: p. 49	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6-8.4	
Von, as told to Janet Bode	TG: p. 50					RH.6-8.1	
You Are Only a Boy, Margaret Poynter	TG: p. 51	RL.7.1 RL.7.2 RL.7.6		W.7.1	SL.7.4		
The Tortilla Curtain, Michael Teague, as told to Al Santoli	TG: p. 52	RL.7.1			SL.7.1	RH.6-8.1 RH.6-8.6	
Between Two Worlds , Patricia Smith	TG: p. 53		RI.7.1 RI.7.3				
Tires Stacked in the Hallways of Civilization, Martin Espada	TG: p. 54	RL.7.1 RL.7.2 RL.7.6 RL.7.9	RI.7.9				

All Standards Correlated by Selection: Grade 7							
Content	Pages	RL ELA Reading Literature	RI ELA Reading Informational Text	W ELA Writing	SL ELA Speaking and Listening	RH HSS Reading	WHST HSS Writing
Amir , Paul Fleischman	TG: p. 55	RL.7.1 RL.7.2 RL.7.4					
Responding to Cluster Four Writing Activity: Performance Evaluation	SB: p. 122 TG: pp. 56–57 IWL: 4.3, 4.4	RL.7.2 RL.7.9	RI.7.9			RH.6-8.9	
Cluster Four Vocabulary Test	TG: p. 58	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6-8.4	
	,	Clust	ter Five: Thinking	on Your O	wn		
Teaching the Critical Thinking Skill: Synthesizing	TG: pp. 59–61 IWL: 5.1, 5.2		RI.7.8	W.7.2			WHST.6-8.2
Cluster Five Vocabulary	TG: p. 62	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6-8.4	
The Melting Pot Bubbles in Rego Park, William E. Geist	TG: p. 63		RI.7.1 RI.7.3			RH.6-8.5	
Looking North, Roberto Suro	TG: p. 64		RI.7.3 RI.7.4			RH.6–8.1 RH.6–8.6	
Huddled Masses, Michael Satchell	TG: p. 65				SL.7.1 SL.7.3 SL.7.4	RH.6–8.1 RH.6–8.4 RH.6–8.6	
Your Tired, Your Poor, Your Undocumented Foreigners, Charles Osgood	TG: p. 66		RI.7.2 RI.7.3 RI.7.7			RH.6–8.1 RH.6–8.2 RH.6–8.6 RH.6–8.7	WHST.6-8.1
Immigrants, Pat Mora	TG: p. 67	RL.7.1 RL.7.2 RL.7.3 RL.7.4 RL.7.5					
"My Fellow Citizens" Paul Greenberg	TG: p. 68		RI.7.4 RI.7.6 RI.7.8		SL.7.2 SL.7.3 SL.7.4	RH.6–8.1 RH.6–8.6 RH.6–8.8	
Cluster Five Vocabulary Test	TG: p. 69	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6-8.4	

All Standards Correlated by Selection: Grade 7							
Content	Pages	RL ELA Reading Literature	RI ELA Reading Informational Text	W ELA Writing	SL ELA Speaking and Listening	RH HSS Reading	WHST HSS Writing
		Addit	tional Teacher Gu	ide Resour	ces		_
Research, Writing, and Discussion Topics	TG: p. 70			W.7.2 W.7.4 W.7.5 W.7.7 W.7.8 W.7.9 W.7.10	SL.7.1 SL.7.2 SL.7.3 SL.7.4		WHST.6-8.2 WHST.6-8.4 WHST.6-8.5 WHST.6-8.7 WHST.6-8.8 WHST.6-8.9 WHST.6-8.10
Assessment and Project Ideas	TG: pp. 71–72			W.7.1 W.7.2 W.7.3 W.7.4 W.7.5 W.7.6 W.7.7 W.7.8 W.7.9 W.7.10	SL.7.1 SL.7.2 SL.7.3 SL.7.4 SL.7.5 SL.7.6		WHST.6-8.1 WHST.6-8.2 WHST.6-8.4 WHST.6-8.5 WHST.6-8.6 WHST.6-8.7 WHST.6-8.8 WHST.6-8.9 WHST.6-8.10
Answering the Essential Question	TG: p. 73 IWL: 5.3, 5.4	RL.7.1	RI.7.1		SL.7.1 SL.7.2	RH.6-8.1	
Essay Test	TG: p. 74			W.7.1 W.7.4 W.7.9 W.7.10			WHST.6-8.1 WHST.6-8.4 WHST.6-8.9 WHST.6-8.10
Rubrics for Project Evaluation	TG: pp. 75–77			W.7.4 W.7.5 W.7.7 W.7.8 W.7.9	SL.7.4 SL.7.5 SL.7.6		WHST.6-8.4 WHST.6-8.5 WHST.6-8.7 WHST.6-8.8 WHST.6-8.9
Related Literature	TG: p. 78	RL.7.10	RI.7.10			RH.6-8.10	

History/Social Studies Standards » R	eading » Grades 6-8 (RH)					
Key Ideas and Details						
 Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources. 	SB: pp. 9–12, 32, 86 TG: pp. 15–16, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24–25, 27–28, 30, 31, 32, 33, 40, 41, 44–45, 50, 52, 64, 65, 66, 68, 73 IWL: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 2.1, 2.2, 3.3, 3.4, 5.3, 5.4					
Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.	SB: pp. 32, 86 TG: pp. 19, 23, 24–25, 44–45, 66 IWL: 1.3, 1.4, 3.3, 3.4					
3. Identify key steps in a text's description of a process related to history/social studies (e.g., how a bill becomes law, how interest rates are raised or lowered).	TG: pp. 30, 41					
Craft and Struct	ure					
 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies. 	SB: pp. 9–12 TG: pp. 17, 26, 29, 31, 36, 39, 46, 49, 58, 62, 65, 69					
5. Describe how a text presents information (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally).	TG: p. 63					
 Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts). 	TG: pp. 19, 20, 22, 23, 32, 52, 64, 65, 66					
Integration of Knowledg	e and Ideas					
7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts.	TG: pp. 41, 43, 66					
8. Distinguish among fact, opinion, and reasoned judgment in a text.	TG: p. 68					
9. Analyze the relationship between a primary and secondary source on the same topic.	SB: pp. 32, 122 TG: pp. 24–25, 43, 56–57 IWL: 1.3, 1.4, 4.3, 4.4					
Range of Reading and Level of	Text Complexity					
10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	 SB: The anthology includes texts of varying levels of complexity. TG: Suggestions for additional readings on page 78 include selections that are challenging, average, and easy. 					

History/Social Studies Standards » Wr	iting » Grades 6-8 (WHST)					
Text Types and Purposes						
 Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content. a. Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an understanding of the topic or text, using credible sources. c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. d. Establish and maintain a formal style. e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented. 	TG: pp. 66, 71–72, 74					
 Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes. a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories as appropriate to achieving purpose; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. b. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone. f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented. 	SB: p. 32 TG: pp. 24–25, 59–61, 70, 71–72 IWL: 1.3, 1.4, 5.1, 5.2					
3. Not applicable as a separate requirement.	Not applicable as a separate requirement.					
Production and Distribution of Writing						
4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 74, 75-77					
5. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.	TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 75-77					
6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.	TG: pp. 71–72					

History/Social Studies Standards \gg Wr	iting » Grades 6-8 (WHST)					
Research to Build and Present Knowledge						
7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.	SB: pp. 9–12 TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 75-77					
8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 75-77					
9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	SB: pp. 9–12 TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 74, 75-77					
Range of Writing						
10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	TG: pp. 70, 71–72, 74					