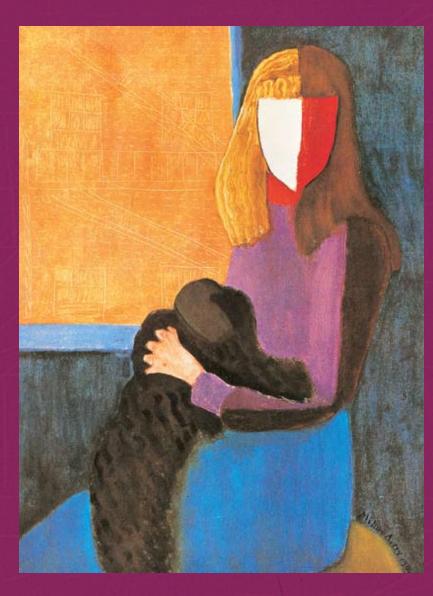


# Who Am I?



#### TEACHER GUIDE

# Perfect for YOUR Classroom

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English Language Arts Standards » Grades 9–10 (F	
Key Ideas and Det	ails
1. Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	<b>SB:</b> pp. 46, 74 <b>TG:</b> pp. 18, 21, 22, 23, 24–25, 27–28, 33, 34, 35–36, 38–39, 41, 43, 44, 53, 54 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 3.1, 3.2
<ol> <li>Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.</li> </ol>	<b>SB:</b> pp. 46, 110 <b>TG:</b> pp. 18, 21, 24–25, 27–28, 38–39, 41, 45–46, 49–50, 54 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 2.1, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 4.1, 4.2
3. Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 18, 22, 27–28, 38–39, 52, 56 <b>IWL:</b> 2.1, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2
Craft and Structu	ire
4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time and place; how it sets a formal or informal tone).	<b>SB:</b> pp. 10, 46 <b>TG:</b> pp. 15–16, 17, 21, 23, 24–25, 26, 29, 40, 47, 51, 57 <b>IWL:</b> 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4
5. Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure a text, order events within it (e.g., parallel plots), and manipulate time (e.g., pacing, flashbacks) create such effects as mystery, tension, or surprise.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 33, 44, 57
6. Analyze a particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of world literature.	
Integration of Knowledge	e and Ideas
7. Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic mediums, including what is emphasized or absent in each treatment (e.g., Auden's "Musée des Beaux Arts" and Breughel's Landscape with the Fall of Icarus).	
8. (Not applicable to literature)	(Not applicable to literature)
9. Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work (e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare).	<b>TG:</b> pp. 49–50 <b>IWL:</b> 4.1, 4.2
Range of Reading and Level of	Text Complexity
10. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	<ul> <li>SB: The anthology includes texts of varying levels of complexity.</li> <li>TG: Suggestions for additional readings on page 65 include selections that are challenging, average, and easy.</li> </ul>

English Language Arts Standards » Rea Grades 9–10 (I					
Key Ideas and Details					
<ol> <li>Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.</li> </ol>	<b>SB:</b> p. 46 <b>TG:</b> pp. 19, 24–25, 27–28, 30, 38–39, 42, 55 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 2.1, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2				
<ol> <li>Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.</li> </ol>	<b>SB:</b> p. 46 <b>TG:</b> pp. 24–25, 27–28, 38–39 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 2.1, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2				
3. Analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or series of ideas or events, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 27–28, 38–39 <b>IWL:</b> 2.1, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2				
Craft and Struct	ure				
4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language of a court opinion differs from that of a newspaper).	<b>SB:</b> pp. 10, 46 <b>TG:</b> pp. 15–16, 17, 24–25, 26, 29, 30, 40, 47, 51 <b>IWL:</b> 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4				
<ol> <li>Analyze in detail how an author's ideas or claims are developed and refined by particular sentences, paragraphs, or larger portions of a text (e.g., a section or chapter).</li> </ol>	<b>TG:</b> p. 42				
<ol><li>Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetoric to advance that point of view or purpose.</li></ol>	<b>TG:</b> p. 32				
Integration of Knowledg	e and Ideas				
7. Analyze various accounts of a subject told in different mediums (e.g., a person's life story in both print and multimedia), determining which details are emphasized in each account.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 20, 32				
8. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning.	<b>SB:</b> p. 110 <b>TG:</b> pp. 42, 45–46 <b>IWL:</b> 3.3, 3.4				
<ol> <li>Analyze seminal U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (e.g., Washington's Farewell Address, the Gettysburg Address, Roosevelt's Four Freedoms speech, King's "Letter from Birmingham Jail"), including how they address related themes and concepts.</li> </ol>					
Range of Reading and Level of	Text Complexity				
10. By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 9–10 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	<ul> <li>SB: The anthology includes texts of varying levels of complexity.</li> <li>TG: Suggestions for additional readings on page 65 include selections that are challenging, average, and easy.</li> </ul>				

English Language Arts Standards » W	riting » Grades 9–10 (W)
Text Types and Purp	ooses
<ol> <li>Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.</li> <li>a. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.</li> <li>b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.</li> <li>c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.</li> <li>d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.</li> <li>e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.</li> </ol>	<b>SB</b> : p. 74 <b>TG</b> : pp. 35–36 <b>IWL</b> : 2.3, 2.4
<ol> <li>Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.</li> <li>a. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li> <li>b. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.</li> <li>c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.</li> <li>d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic.</li> <li>e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.</li> <li>f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).</li> </ol>	<b>SB</b> : p. 74 <b>TG</b> : pp. 35–36, 41, 42, 60, 61 <b>IWL</b> : 2.3, 2.4, 4.3, 4.4

English Language Arts Standards » W	riting » Grades 9–10 (W)
<ul> <li>3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.</li> <li>a. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.</li> <li>b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.</li> <li>c. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole.</li> <li>d. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.</li> <li>e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.</li> </ul>	<b>TG:</b> pp. 34, 53, 54
Production and Distributio	n of Writing
4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	<b>SB:</b> pp. 46, 110 <b>TG:</b> pp. 24–25, 45–46, 62 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 3.3, 3.4
5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	<b>SB:</b> pp. 46, 110 <b>TG:</b> pp. 24–25, 45–46, 62 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 3.3, 3.4
6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.	<b>TG:</b> p. 58
Research to Build and Prese	nt Knowledge
7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 58, 59
8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	<b>TG:</b> p. 62

English Language Arts Standards » Writing » Grades 9–10 (W)						
<ul> <li>9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</li> <li>a. Apply grades 9–10 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work [e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare]").</li> <li>b. Apply grades 9–10 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning").</li> </ul>	<b>SB:</b> pp. 46, 76, 108, 143 <b>TG:</b> pp. 24–25, 35–36, 45–46, 54, 60, 61, 62 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 2.3, 2.4, 3.3, 3.4, 4.3, 4.4					
Range of Writing						
10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.	<b>SB:</b> pp. 46, 76, 108, 143 <b>TG:</b> pp. 24–25, 35–36, 45–46, 54, 60, 61, 62 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 2.3, 2.4, 3.3, 3.4, 4.3, 4.4					

English Language Arts Standards » 9 Grades 9–10 (	
Comprehension and Coll	aboration
<ol> <li>Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.</li> <li>Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</li> <li>Work with peers to set rules for collegial discussions and decision-making (e.g., informal consensus, taking votes on key issues, presentation of alternate views), clear goals and deadlines, and individual roles as needed.</li> <li>Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions.</li> <li>Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views and understanding and make new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented.</li> </ol>	<b>TG</b> : pp. 20, 21, 22, 30, 31, 33, 42, 43, 55, 56, 62
<ol> <li>Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.</li> </ol>	<b>TG:</b> pp. 58, 59, 62
3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any fallacious reasoning or exaggerated or distorted evidence.	
Presentation of Knowledg	ye and Ideas
<ol> <li>Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task.</li> </ol>	<b>TG:</b> p. 62
5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.	<b>TG:</b> p. 62
<ol> <li>Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grades 9–10 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.)</li> </ol>	<b>TG:</b> pp. 58, 59

All Standards Correlated by Selection >> Grades 9–10					
Content	Pages	RL ELA Reading Literature	RI ELA Reading Informational Text	W ELA Writing	SL ELA Speaking and Listening
Concept Vocabulary	<b>SB:</b> p. 10	RL.9–10.4	RI.9–10.4		
	Clus	ster One: How D	o I Find Out Who	I Am?	
Teaching the Critical Thinking Skill: Defining	<b>TG:</b> pp. 15–16 <b>IWL:</b> 1.1, 1.2	RL.9–10.4	RI.9–10.4		
Cluster One Vocabulary	<b>TG:</b> p. 17	RL.9–10.4	RI.9–10.4		
<b>Remember Me,</b> Vivian Vande Velde	<b>TG:</b> p. 18	RL.9-10.1 RL.9-10.2 RL.9-10.3			
On Being Seventeen, Bright, and Unable to Read, David Raymond	<b>TG:</b> p. 19		RI.9–10.1		
Your Body Is Your ID, Hank Schlesinger	<b>TG:</b> p. 20		RI.9–10.7		SL.9–10.1
The Changeling/ Transformación, Judith Ortíz Cofer/ translated by Johanna Vega	<b>TG:</b> p. 21	RL.9-10.1 RL.9-10.2 RL.9-10.4			SL.9–10.1
<b>Be-ers and Doers,</b> Budge Wilson	<b>TG:</b> p. 22	RL.9–10.1 RL.9–10.3			SL.9–10.1
<b>Getting Ready,</b> Debra Marquart	<b>TG:</b> p. 23	RL.9–10.1 RL.9–10.4			
<b>Responding to Cluster One</b> Writing Activity: Defining Who You Are	<b>SB:</b> p. 46 <b>TG:</b> pp. 24–25 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4	RL.9-10.1 RL.9-10.2 RL.9-10.4	RI.9–10.1 RI.9–10.2 RI.9–10.4	W.9–10.4 W.9–10.5	
Cluster One Vocabulary Test	<b>TG:</b> p. 26	RL.9–10.4	RI.9–10.4		
		Cluster Two:	Where Do I Fit?		
Teaching the Critical Thinking Skill: Analyzing	<b>TG:</b> pp. 27–28 <b>IWL:</b> 2.1, 2.2	RL.9-10.1 RL.9-10.2 RL.9-10.3	RI.9–10.1 RI.9–10.2 RI.9–10.3		
Cluster Two Vocabulary	<b>TG:</b> p. 29	RL.9–10.4	RI.9–10.4		
Tiffany, age eleven, as told to Rebecca Carroll	<b>TG:</b> p. 30		RI.9–10.1 RI.9–10.4		SL.9–10.1
<b>The Green Killer,</b> M. E. Kerr	<b>TG:</b> p. 31				SL.9–10.1
<b>The Cutting of My Long</b> Hair, Zitkala-Ša	<b>TG:</b> p. 32		RI.9–10.6 RI.9–10.7		

All Standards Correlated by Selection >> Grades 9–10					
Content	Pages	RL ELA Reading Literature	RI ELA Reading Informational Text	W ELA Writing	SL ELA Speaking and Listening
<b>The Way Up,</b> William Hoffman	<b>TG:</b> p. 33	RL.9–10.1 RL.9–10.5			SL.9–10.1
Saying Yes, Diana Chang	<b>TG:</b> p. 34	RL.9–10.1		W.9–10.3	
Responding to Cluster Two Writing Activity: Analyzing the Importance of Fitting In	<b>SB:</b> p. 74 <b>TG:</b> pp. 35–36 <b>IWL:</b> 2.3, 2.4	RL.9–10.1		W.9–10.1 W.9–10.2	
Cluster Two Vocabulary Test	<b>TG:</b> p. 37				
		Cluster Three:	What Do I Believ	ve?	
Teaching the Critical Thinking Skill: Evaluating	<b>TG:</b> pp. 38–39 <b>IWL:</b> 3.1, 3.2	RL.9-10.1 RL.9-10.2 RL.9-10.3	RI.9–10.1 RI.9–10.2 RI.9–10.3		
Cluster Three Vocabulary	<b>TG:</b> p. 40	RL.9–10.4	RI.9–10.4		
<b>Born Worker,</b> Gary Soto	<b>TG:</b> p. 41	RL.9–10.1 RL.9–10.2		W.9–10.2	
<b>Dolly's False Legacy,</b> Ian Wilmut	<b>TG:</b> p. 42		RI.9–10.1 RI.9–10.8	W.9–10.2	SL.9–10.1
Moon, Chaim Potok	<b>TG:</b> p. 43	RL.9–10.1			SL.9-10.1
<b>I'm Nobody,</b> Emily Dickinson	<b>TG:</b> p. 44	RL.9–10.1 RL.9–10.5			
Responding to Cluster Three Writing Activity: My Credo	<b>SB:</b> p. 110 <b>TG:</b> pp. 45–46 <b>IWL:</b> 3.3, 3.4	RL.9–10.2	RI.9–10.8	W.9–10.4 W.9–10.5	
Cluster Three Vocabulary Test	<b>TG:</b> p. 47	RL.9–10.4	RI.9–10.4		
		Cluster Four: Th	ninking on Your O	wn	
Teaching the Critical Thinking Skill: Synthesizing and Integrating	<b>TG:</b> pp. 49–50 <b>IWL:</b> 4.1, 4.2	RL.9-10.2 RL.9-10.9			
Cluster Four Vocabulary	<b>TG:</b> p. 51	RL.9–10.4	RI.9–10.4		
Fairy Tale, Todd Strasser	<b>TG:</b> p. 52	RL.9–10.3			
<b>Side 32,</b> Victor Hernández Cruz	<b>TG:</b> p. 53	RL.9–10.1		W.9–10.3	
<b>Fox Hunt,</b> Lensey Namioka	<b>TG:</b> p. 54	RL.9–10.1 RL.9–10.2		W.9–10.3	

All Standards Correlated by Selection >> Grades 9–10					
Content	Pages	RL ELA Reading Literature	RI ELA Reading Informational Text	W ELA Writing	SL ELA Speaking and Listening
Holly, age fifteen, as told to Jill Krementz	<b>TG:</b> p. 55		RI.9–10.1		SL.9–10.1
Birthday Box, Jane Yolen	<b>TG:</b> p. 56	RL.9–10.3			SL.9-10.1
Cluster Four Vocabulary Test	<b>TG:</b> p. 57	RL.9-10.4	RI.9–10.4		
		Additional Teac	her Guide Resour	ces	
Research, Writing, and Discussion Topics	<b>TG:</b> p. 58			W.9–10.6 W.9–10.7 W.9–10.10	SL.9–10.2
Assessment and Project Ideas	<b>TG:</b> p. 59			W.9–10.7 W.9–10.10	SL.9–10.2
Answering the Essential Question	<b>TG:</b> p. 60			W.9–10.2 W.9–10.9	
Essay Test	<b>TG:</b> p. 61 <b>IWL:</b> 4.3, 4.4			W.9–10.2 W.9–10.9 W.9–10.10	
Rubric for Project Evaluation	<b>TG:</b> p. 62			W.9–10.4 W.9–10.5 W.9–10.8 W.9–10.9	SL.9-10.1 SL.9-10.2 SL.9-10.4 SL.9-10.5
Related Literature	<b>TG:</b> p. 65	RL.9–10.10	RI.9–10.10		