#### **Oklahoma Priority Academic Student Skills**

Correlated to

#### *Literature & Thought* Anthologies Perfection Learning Corporation

#### Grades 9–12

Priority Academic Student Skills	Literature & Thought Anthologies
I. READING PROCESS Students will apply a wide range of strategies to comprehend, interpret, evaluate, and appreciate texts.	x
A. Vocabulary: Knowledge of words and word meanings.	X
<ul> <li>B. Comprehension: Ability to interact with the words and concepts on the page to understand what the writer has said.</li> <li>1. Read and comprehend both fiction and</li> </ul>	x
nonfiction that is appropriately designed for grade level reading. 2. Preview material and determine the	x
purpose for reading a specific text. 3. Use <b>prior knowledge</b> to become actively engaged with the reading material and use a range of comprehension skills (e.g., <b>literal</b> , <b>inferential</b> , and <b>evaluative</b> ).	x
<ul> <li>4. Skim text for an overall impression and scan text for particular information.</li> <li>5. Use correction strategies when the meaning is not clear (e.g., read on, reread, ask questions, try alternate pronunciations, use resources).</li> </ul>	x
<ol> <li>Recognize signal words and their contribution to the meaning of the text (e.g., in spite of, for example, a major force, consequently, especially relevant).</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Vary reading speed and strategies according to the type of material and the purpose for reading.</li> </ol>	

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C. Fluency: Ability to identify words rapidly so	
that attention is directed at the meaning of	
the text.	
1. Increase reading speed and	
comprehension through daily	
independent reading.	
2. Continue to read with expression,	
interjecting a sense of feeling	X
anticipation, or characterization.	
II. RESPONDING TO TEXT	
Students read, construct meaning, and	
respond to a wide range of literary forms.	
A. Recall and organize information, make	X
inferences, and draw conclusions by	
using story structure, (e.g., setting,	
character, goal, plot, conflict, and	
resolution).	
B. Compare and evaluate the effectiveness	X
of plot, <b>theme</b> , setting, and	
characterization in selections of	
American and world literature.	
C. Develop an understanding of the effect of	X
history on American literature (e.g.,	
literary movements and periods).	
D. Evaluate works of world literature as	
reflections of time and culture.	x
E. Analyze the recurrence of archetypal	X
characters, setting, and themes in world	
literature.	
F. Analyze and trace the author's	X
development of time and sequence,	
including the use of complex literary	
devices (e.g., foreshadowing and	
flashbacks).	
G. Analyze interactions among main and	
subordinate characters in a literary text	
(e.g., internal and external conflicts,	
motivations, relationships, influences)	
and explain the way those interactions	
affect the plot.	
H. Use text organization as an aid to	X
comprehension of increasingly difficult	
content material (e.g. compare/contrast	
content material (e.g., compare/contrast, cause/effect_problem/solution	
cause/effect, problem/solution,	
cause/effect, problem/solution, sequential order).	×
cause/effect, problem/solution, sequential order). I. Use knowledge of literary <b>genre</b> and text	x
<ul> <li>cause/effect, problem/solution, sequential order).</li> <li>I. Use knowledge of literary genre and text structures to aid comprehension (drama,</li> </ul>	x
<ul> <li>cause/effect, problem/solution, sequential order).</li> <li>I. Use knowledge of literary genre and text structures to aid comprehension (drama, poetry, short stories, essays, speeches,</li> </ul>	X
<ul> <li>cause/effect, problem/solution, sequential order).</li> <li>I. Use knowledge of literary genre and text structures to aid comprehension (drama, poetry, short stories, essays, speeches, and novels.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>cause/effect, problem/solution, sequential order).</li> <li>I. Use knowledge of literary genre and text structures to aid comprehension (drama, poetry, short stories, essays, speeches, and novels.</li> <li>J. Summarize fiction/nonfiction by</li> </ul>	x x x
<ul> <li>cause/effect, problem/solution, sequential order).</li> <li>I. Use knowledge of literary genre and text structures to aid comprehension (drama, poetry, short stories, essays, speeches, and novels.</li> </ul>	

K. Analyze details for relevancy and	×
accuracy.	X
L. Discuss underlying theme or message	X
when interpreting fiction and poetry.	^
M. Analyze the poet's use of imagery,	X
personification, symbolism, and	*
figures of speech.	
N. Explain how the use of sound devices in	X
poetry supports the subject and <b>mood</b>	*
(e.g., rhyme, rhythm, <b>alliteration</b> , and	
onomatopoeia).	
O. Support ideas, make inferences, and	X
draw conclusions from evidence	*
presented in text.	
P. Evaluate, react, and respond creatively to	X
literature (e.g., discussions, art, drama,	*
correspondence, family histories,	
Reader's Theater, and multimedia	
projects).	
Q. Interpret the use of figurative language	X
and literary devices within text (e.g.,	^
metaphor, simile, hyperbole, dialect,	
irony).	
R. Identify the author's writing style.	
S. Determine the author's purpose	X
(persuade, inform, entertain) and point of	×
view to evaluate source credibility and reliability.	
T. Analyze the effect of bias, stereotyping,	X
unsupported <b>inferences</b> , fallacious	*
reasoning, and <b>propaganda</b> techniques	
in <b>expository</b> text (e.g., flay waving,	
prestige identification, exigency).	
U. Evaluate advertisements, editorials, and	
feature stories for relationships between	
intent and factual content.	
III. INFORMATION AND RESEARCH	
Students read widely to acquire	
knowledge, conduct research, and	
organize information.	
IV. EFFECTIVE READING HABITS	
Students demonstrate the behaviors,	
habits, and attitudes of an effective	
reader.	
A. Continue to participate in daily,	
independent reading of self-selected	
literature (e.g., Sustained Silent	
Reading/Drop Everything and Read:	
20-30 minutes daily).	
B. Share and discuss daily books and	X
authors, in pairs, in small groups, and in	^
large groups.	

C. Respond daily oral reading by the	X
teacher through discussion, arts, drama,	^
and writing.	
and many.	
D. Read for a variety of purposes such as	X
for pleasure, to gain information, to	
communicate, or to support or opinion.	
E. Read, discuss, and analyze short	X
stories, novels, <b>essays,</b> speeches,	
technical documents, and other works	
representing diversity (e.g., gender,	
ethnicity, and nationality.	
V. WRITING	
A. Use a writing process to develop and	X
refine composition skills. Students are	
expected to use prewriting strategies,	
write and revise multiple drafts, edit, and	
share their compositions.	
B. Write a variety of <b>narrative</b> ,	X
descriptive, expository, persuasive,	
and reflective compositions that	
establish and support a central idea with	
a thesis statement, supporting	
paragraphs with facts, details,	
explanations, or examples, and a	
concluding paragraph that summarizes	
the points.	
C. Write analytically about literature using	x
appropriate literary terms such as	
character types and development, plot	
structure, setting, <b>point of view,</b> and <b>theme.</b>	
D. Write a documented essay using	
research methods, incorporating the	
techniques of Modern Language	
Association or similar parenthetical	
styles.	
E. Demonstrate essay test-taking	X
techniques by addressing and analyzing	
the question and using such methods as	
comparison/contrast, analysis,	
exposition, and persuasion.	
F. Select and use reference materials and	
resources as needed for writing,	
revising, and editing final drafts.	
VI. GRAMMAR/USAGE AND MECHANICS VII. LISTENING/ SPEAKING	
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VIII. VIJUAL LITERAUT	

LITERATURE	
A. Demonstrate a knowledge of and an appreciation for various forms (genres) of literature, such as short story, novel, drama, narrative and lyric poetry, essay, biography, and informational texts.	x
B. Demonstrate a knowledge of literary elements and how they affect the development of a literary work. For example, students are expected to recognize and explain plot, character, setting, <b>theme</b> conflict, symbolism, <b>point of view</b> , imagery, <b>flashback</b> , <b>foreshadowing</b> , irony, tone, and illusion.	X
C. Identify and use figurative language and sound devices in speaking and writing. For example, students are expected to recognize and use analogy, rhyme, <b>metaphor, simile</b> , <b>personification,</b> <b>alliteration, onomatopoeia,</b> and <b>hyperbole.</b>	x
<ul> <li>D. Read and respond to historically or culturally significant works of literature.</li> <li>For example, students are expected to find ways to clarify the ideas and make connections between literary works.</li> </ul>	x
E. Expand vocabulary through word study, literature and class discussion. For example students are expected to distinguish connotation and denotation of words, <b>etymology</b> , levels of usage, and <b>neologisms</b> .	
F. Draw inferences such as conclusions or generalizations and support them with text evidence and personal experience.	X
G. Recognize and discuss universals themes ( <b>archetypal</b> patterns) in literature.	x
H. Analyze characteristics of subgenres such as satire, parody, allegory, and pastorals that are used in poetry, prose, plays, novels, short stories, <b>essays</b> , and other basic <b>genres</b> .	x
I. Analyze, evaluate, and explain the thinking or behavior represented in a work of literature from or about various past and/or present cultures and relate it to own culture.	x