	GOVERNMENT & CURRENT EVENTS		
	Individual Rights: The The Three Branches of We the People: Foundate		
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§110.31. English Language Arts and Reading, English			
I, Beginning with School Year 2009-2010			
(1) Reading/Vocabulary Development. Students			
understand new vocabulary and use it when reading			
and writing. Students are expected to:			
(A) determine the meaning of grade-level technical		SB: foonotes on pages 21;	SE: 55; 19
academic English words in multiple content areas		23; 34; 37; 51; 52; 59; 65;	
(e.g., science, mathematics, social studies, the arts)		77; 83; 88; 94; 95; 98; 104;	
derived from Latin, Greek, or other linguistic roots and		106; 122; 130;	
affixes;		,,	
(B) analyze textual context (within a sentence and in		TG: 50	TG: 48
larger sections of text) to distinguish between the			
denotative and connotative meanings of words;			
(D) describe the origins and meanings of foreign words	SE: 23; 32; 60: 78: 91: 98:	SB: foonotes on pages 21;	SE: 40; 44; 53; 54; 56-57; 61;
or phrases used frequently in written English (e.g.,	104	23; 34; 37; 51; 52; 59; 65;	62; 65; 131;
caveat emptor, carte blanche, tete a tete, pas de	TG: 46	77; 83; 88; 94; 95; 98; 104;	
deux, bon appetit, quid pro quo); and		106; 122; 130	
		,	
(E) use a dictionary, a glossary, or a thesaurus (printed	SE: 14	SB: 18	SE: 34
or electronic) to determine or confirm the meanings	TG: 17; 31; 44; 59	17; 30; 41;57	TG: 17; 43; 445; 55
of words and phrases, including their connotations			
and denotations, and their etymology.			
(2) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Theme			
and Genre. Students analyze, make inferences and			
draw conclusions about theme and genre in different			
cultural, historical, and contemporary contexts and			
provide evidence from the text to support their			
understanding. Students are expected to:			
(A) analyze how the genre of texts with similar themes	TG: 26: 39: 53: 66	TG: 25-26; 36-37; 50-52; 68	TG: 19; 29-30; 40-41; 51-52;
shapes meaning;	10. 20, 33, 33, 00	10. 23 20, 30 37, 30 32, 00	64-66
(C) relate the figurative language of a literary work to		TG: 24; 25-26; 31; 33;36-37;	
its historical and cultural setting.		41; 43;49; 51; 59; 64	
(3) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Poetry.	TG: 23; 37; 47	TG: 33; 59	
Students understand, make inferences and draw		, -	
conclusions about the structure and elements of			
poetry and provide evidence from text to support			
their understanding. Students are expected to analyze			
the effects of diction and imagery (e.g., controlling			
images, figurative language, understatement,			
overstatement, irony, paradox) in poetry.			
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(A) Pooding/Comprehension of Literary Tout / Durant			
(4) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Drama.			
Students understand, make inferences and draw			
conclusions about the structure and elements of			
drama and provide evidence from text to support			
their understanding. Students are expected to explain			
how dramatic conventions (e.g., monologues,			
soliloquies, dramatic irony) enhance dramatic text.			

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(5) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Fiction. Students understand, make inferences and draw conclusions about the structure and elements of fiction and provide evidence from text to support their understanding. Students are expected to:		Note: there are three fiction selections in the text - two are poems.	There are no fiction selections in the text.
(B) analyze how authors develop complex yet believable characters in works of fiction through a range of literary devices, including character foils;		TG: 49	
(C) analyze the way in which a work of fiction is shaped by the narrator's point of view; and	TG: 46		
(6) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Literary Nonfiction. Students understand, make inferences and draw conclusions about the varied structural patterns and features of literary nonfiction and provide evidence from text to support their understanding. Students are expected to analyze how literary essays interweave personal examples and ideas with factual information to explain, present a perspective, or describe a situation or event.	TG: 27; 39; 53; 66	TG: 19; 20; 21; 22; 23;24; 31; 32; 34; 35; 42; 43; 44; 45; 46; 47; 48; 60; 61, 62; 63; 64; 65	TG: 29-30; 40-41; 51-52; 64-
(7) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Sensory Language. Students understand, make inferences and draw conclusions about how an author's sensory language creates imagery in literary text and provide evidence from text to support their understanding. Students are expected to explain the role of irony, sarcasm, and paradox in literary works.	TG: 23; 37; 47	TG: 24; 25-26; 31; 33;36-37; 41; 43; 49; 51; 59; 64	TG: 25
(8) Reading/Comprehension of Informational Text/Culture and History. Students analyze, make inferences and draw conclusions about the author's purpose in cultural, historical, and contemporary contexts and provide evidence from the text to support their understanding. Students are expected to explain the controlling idea and specific purpose of an expository text and distinguish the most important from the less important details that support the author's purpose.	TG: 27; 39; 53; 66	TG: 19; 20; 21; 22; 23;24; 31; 32; 34; 35; 42; 43; 44; 45; 46; 47; 48; 60; 61, 62; 63; 64; 65	TG: 29-30; 40-41; 51-52; 64-
(9) Reading/Comprehension of Informational Text/Expository Text. Students analyze, make inferences and draw conclusions about expository text and provide evidence from text to support their understanding. Students are expected to:			
(A) summarize text and distinguish between a summary that captures the main ideas and elements of a text and a critique that takes a position and expresses an opinion;	TG: 23; 37; 47; 53-54	TG: 28; 32; 39-40; 43; 44; 47; 48; 49	TG: 19; 29-30; 40-41; 51-52; 64-66
(B) differentiate between opinions that are substantiated and unsubstantiated in the text;	TG: 27; 39; 53; 61; 64; 66	TG: 54; 76; 78; 112; 116; 120; 123; 129; 134	TG: 19; 29-30; 40-41; 51-52; 64-66

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(C) make subtle inferences and draw complex		TG: 54; 59; 60; 61; 62; 63;	TG: 26
conclusions about the ideas in text and their		64; 65; 76; 78	16. 20
organizational patterns; and		04, 03, 70, 78	
(D) synthesize and make logical connections between	TG: 23; 37; 47; 53-54	TG: 25-26; 36-37; 50-52	TG: 29-30; 40-41; 51-52; 64-
ideas and details in several texts selected to reflect a	10. 23, 37, 47, 33 34	13. 23 20, 30 37, 30 32	65
range of viewpoints on the same topic and support			
those findings with textual evidence.			
those findings with textual evidence.			
(10) Reading/Comprehension of Informational			
Text/Persuasive Text. Students analyze, make			
inferences and draw conclusions about persuasive text			
and provide evidence from text to support their			
analysis. Students are expected to:			
(6)	TO: 25: 45	TO, E4, E0, 60, 61, 62, 63	TO: 26: 42 44 42 54 55
(A) analyze the relevance, quality, and credibility of	TG: 35; 45	TG: 54; 59; 60; 61; 62; 63;	TG: 36; 43-44; 49; 51-52
evidence given to support or oppose an argument for		64; 65; 76; 78	
a specific audience; and			
(B) analyze famous speeches for the rhetorical	TG: 20	TG: 54; 129	TG: 23; 28
structures and devices used to convince the reader of		,	,
the authors' propositions.			
(11) Reading/Comprehension of Informational			
Text/Procedural Texts. Students understand how to			
glean and use information in procedural texts and			
documents. Students are expected to:			
(B) analyze factual, quantitative, or technical data	SE: 9-11; 12-13; 25; 66; 70;	SB: 9-11; 12-13, 14-15, 16-	SE: 9-33; 36; 30-41; 45; 47;
presented in multiple graphical sources.	76; 85	17; 23; 31; 32; 37; 39; 47; 51;	49; 54; 60; 67; 68; 77; 81-83;
	,	69; 77; 78; 80; 83; 87; 89; 98;	
			112-113; 116; 119; 123; 125;
			128; 132; 134-135; 137; 140;
			143
(12) Reading/Media Literacy. Students use			
comprehension skills to analyze how words, images,			
graphics, and sounds work together in various forms			
to impact meaning. Students will continue to apply			
earlier standards with greater depth in increasingly			
more complex texts. Students are expected to:			
(A) compare and contrast how events are presented		SB: 9-11; 12-13, 14-15, 16-	SE: 9-33; 36; 30-41; 45; 47;
and information is communicated by visual images			49; 54; 60; 67; 68; 77; 81-83;
(e.g., graphic art, illustrations, news photographs)		69; 77; 78; 80; 83; 87; 89; 98;	
versus non-visual texts;			112-113; 116; 119; 123; 125;
versus mon-visual texts,			128; 132; 134-135; 137; 140;
		119, 130, 132,133, 133, 136,	143
(C) compare and contrast coverage of the same event			TG: 37; 60
in various media (e.g., newspapers, television,			- ,
documentaries, blogs, Internet); and			
(13) Writing/Writing Process. Students use elements			
of the writing process (planning, drafting, revising,			
editing, and publishing) to compose text. Students are			
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(A) plan a first draft by selecting the correct genre for conveying the intended meaning to multiple audiences, determining appropriate topics through a range of strategies (e.g., discussion, background reading, personal interests, interviews), and developing a thesis or controlling idea;	TG: 27; 40; 67	TG: 25-26; 36-37; 50-53	TG: 22; 23; 25; 38; 48; 61
(B) structure ideas in a sustained and persuasive way (e.g., using outlines, note taking, graphic organizers, lists) and develop drafts in timed and open-ended situations that include transitions and the rhetorical devices used to convey meaning;	TG: 27; 40; 67	TG: 25-26; 36-37; 50-53	TG: 22; 23; 25; 38; 48; 61
(C) revise drafts to improve style, word choice, figurative language, sentence variety, and subtlety of meaning after rethinking how well questions of purpose, audience, and genre have been addressed;	TG: 27; 40; 67	TG: 76	TG: 74
(D) edit drafts for grammar, mechanics, and spelling; and	TG: 73	TG: 76	TG: 74
(E) revise final draft in response to feedback from peers and teacher and publish written work for appropriate audiences.	TG: 73	TG: 76	TG: 74
(15) Writing/Expository and Procedural Texts. Students write expository and procedural or work- related texts to communicate ideas and information to specific audiences for specific purposes. Students are expected to:			TG: 48; 62; 63
(A) write an analytical essay of sufficient length that includes:	TG: 19; 34; 37; 47; 49; 52; 52; 60; 61; 62; 63; 64	TG: 25-26; 32; 35; 36-37; 45; 47; 50-52; 59; 60; 70	
(i) effective introductory and concluding paragraphs and a variety of sentence structures;	TG: 19; 39-40; 47	TG: 25-26; 32; 35; 36-37; 45; 47; 50-52; 59; 60; 70	
(ii) rhetorical devices, and transitions between paragraphs;	TG: 19; 39-40; 47	TG: 25-26; 32; 35; 36-37; 45; 47; 50-52; 59; 60; 70	
(iii) a controlling idea or thesis;	TG: 19; 39-40; 47	TG: 25-26; 32; 35; 36-37; 45; 47; 50-52; 59; 60; 70	
(iv) an organizing structure appropriate to purpose, audience, and context; and	TG: 19; 39-40; 47	TG: 25-26; 32; 35; 36-37; 45; 47; 50-52; 59; 60; 70	
(v) relevant information and valid inferences;	TG: 19; 39-40; 47	TG: 25-26; 32; 35; 36-37; 45; 47; 50-52; 59; 60; 70	
(D) produce a multimedia presentation (e.g., documentary, class newspaper, docudrama, infomercial, visual or textual parodies, theatrical production) with graphics, images, and sound that conveys a distinctive point of view and appeals to a specific audience.	TG: 18; 20; 21; 32; 34; 36; 52; 54; 62	TG: 33; 61; 72	TG: 27; 28; 38; 50; 58; 63
(16) Writing/Persuasive Texts. Students write persuasive texts to influence the attitudes or actions of a specific audience on specific issues. Students are expected to write an argumentative essay to the appropriate audience that includes:		TG: 19; 25-26; 49; 56; 61; 62; 70	TG: 23; 57; 58
(A) a clear thesis or position based on logical reasons supported by precise and relevant evidence;	TG; 27; 40; 67		

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(B) consideration of the whole range of information and views on the topic and accurate and honest representation of these views;	TG; 27; 40; 67		
(C) counter-arguments based on evidence to anticipate and address objections;	TG; 27; 40; 67		
(20) Research/Research Plan. Students ask openended research questions and develop a plan for answering them. Students are expected to:	TG: 19, 21, 22, 23, 25, 33, 34, 36, 37, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 53-54; 62; 69; 70; 72		TG: 36; 44; 55; 66; 67; 68
(21) Research/Gathering Sources. Students determine, locate, and explore the full range of relevant sources addressing a research question and systematically record the information they gather. Students are expected to:	TG: 19, 21, 22, 23, 25, 33, 34, 36, 37, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 53-54; 62; 69; 70; 72		TG: 36; 44; 55; 66; 67; 68
(22) Research/Synthesizing Information. Students	TG: 19, 21, 22, 23, 25, 33, 34, 36, 37, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 53-54; 62; 69; 70; 72		TG: 36; 44; 55; 66; 67; 68
(23) Research/Organizing and Presenting Ideas. Students organize and present their ideas and information according to the purpose of the research and their audience. Students are expected to synthesize the research into a written or an oral presentation that:	TG: 19, 21, 22, 23, 25, 33, 34, 36, 37, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 53-54; 62; 69; 70; 72		TG: 36; 44; 55; 66; 67; 68
(25) Listening and Speaking/Speaking. Students speak clearly and to the point, using the conventions of language. Students will continue to apply earlier standards with greater complexity. Students are expected to give presentations using informal, formal, and technical language effectively to meet the needs of audience, purpose, and occasion, employing eye contact, speaking rate (e.g., pauses for effect), volume, enunciation, purposeful gestures, and conventions of language to communicate ideas effectively.	TG: 21; 23; 32; 36; 46; 49; 52; 70	TG: 20; 22; 37; 43; 49; 70	TG: 39; 57; 58 ; 60
(26) Listening and Speaking/Teamwork. Students work productively with others in teams. Students will continue to apply earlier standards with greater complexity. Students are expected to participate productively in teams, building on the ideas of others, contributing relevant information, developing a plan for consensus-building, and setting ground rules for decision-making.	TG: 23; 24 ; 33; 51; 60; 62	TG: 19; 20; 22; 23; 24; 31; 32; 34; 35; 37; 42; 43; 44; 45; 46; 47; 48; 49; 63; 64; 65, 70	TG: 47; 48; 49; 50; 56; 59; 61; 62