	GOVERNMENT & CURRENT EVENTS		
	Individual Rights: The Three Branches of		We the People: Foundations
	Blessings of Liberty	Government	of American Government
§110.32. English Language Arts and Reading, English			
II, Beginning with School Year 2009-2010			
(1) Reading/Vocabulary Development. Students			
understand new vocabulary and use it when reading			
and writing. Students are expected to:			
(A) determine the meaning of grade-level technical		SB: foonotes on pages 21;	SE: 55; 19
academic English words in multiple content areas		23; 34; 37; 51; 52; 59; 65;	
(e.g., science, mathematics, social studies, the arts)		77; 83; 88; 94; 95; 98; 104;	
derived from Latin, Greek, or other linguistic roots and		106; 122; 130;	
affixes;			
(B) analyze textual context (within a sentence and in		TG: 50	TG: 48
larger sections of text) to distinguish between the			
denotative and connotative meanings of words;			
(D) show the relationship between the origins and	SE: 23; 32; 60; 78; 91; 98;		SE: 40; 44; 53; 54; 56-57; 61;
meaning of foreign words or phrases used frequently	104		62; 65; 131;
in written English and historical events or	TG: 46		02, 03, 131,
developments (e.g., glasnost, avant-garde, coup	10.40		
d'état); and			
(E) use a dictionary, a glossary, or a thesaurus (printed	SF: 14	TG: foonotes on pages 21;	SE: 34
or electronic) to determine or confirm the meanings	TG: 17; 31; 44; 59	23; 34; 37; 51; 52; 59; 65;	TG: 17; 43; 445; 55
of words and phrases, including their connotations	10. 17, 31, 44, 33	77; 83; 88; 94; 95; 98; 104;	10. 17, 43, 443, 33
and denotations, and their etymology.		106; 122; 130;	
and denotations, and their ctymology.		100, 122, 130,	
(2) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Theme			
and Genre. Students analyze, make inferences and			
draw conclusions about theme and genre in different			
cultural, historical, and contemporary contexts and			
provide evidence from the text to support their			
understanding. Students are expected to:			
(A) compare and contrast differences in similar	TG: 26; 39; 53; 66	TG: 25-26; 36-37; 50-52; 68	TG: 19; 29-30; 40-41; 51-52;
themes expressed in different time periods;			64-66
(C) relate the figurative language of a literary work to		TG: 24; 25-26; 31; 33;36-37;	
its historical and cultural setting.		41; 43;49; 51; 59; 64	
(3) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Poetry.	TG: 23; 37; 47	TG: 33; 59	
Students understand, make inferences and draw			
conclusions about the structure and elements of			
poetry and provide evidence from text to support			
their understanding. Students are expected to analyze			
the structure or prosody (e.g., meter, rhyme scheme)			
and graphic elements (e.g., line length, punctuation,			
word position) in poetry.			
(5) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Fiction.		Note: there are three fiction	There are no fiction
Students understand, make inferences and draw		selections in the text - two	selections in the text.
conclusions about the structure and elements of		are poems.	
fiction and provide evidence from text to support their			
understanding. Students are expected to:			
(A) analyze isolated scenes and their contribution to	TG: 46		
the success of the plot as a whole in a variety of works			
of fiction;			
(B) analyze differences in the characters' moral	TG: 46		
dilemmas in works of fiction across different countries			
or cultures;	l		ļ .

	GOVERNMENT & CURRENT EVENTS		
	Individual Rights: The Blessings of Liberty	The Three Branches of Government	We the People: Foundations of American Government
§110.32. English Language Arts and Reading, English II, Beginning with School Year 2009-2010			
(6) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Literary Nonfiction. Students understand, make inferences and draw conclusions about the varied structural patterns and features of literary nonfiction and provide evidence from text to support their understanding. Students are expected to evaluate the role of syntax and diction and the effect of voice, tone, and imagery on a speech, literary essay, or other forms of literary nonfiction.	TG: 27; 39; 53; 66	TG: 19; 20; 21; 22; 23;24; 31; 32; 34; 35; 42; 43; 44; 45; 46; 47; 48; 60; 61, 62; 63; 64; 65	TG: 29-30; 40-41; 51-52; 64-
(7) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Sensory Language. Students understand, make inferences and draw conclusions about how an author's sensory language creates imagery in literary text and provide evidence from text to support their understanding. Students are expected to explain the function of symbolism, allegory, and allusions in literary works.	TG: 23; 37; 47	TG: 24; 25-26; 31; 33;36-37; 41; 43; 49; 51; 59; 64	
(8) Reading/Comprehension of Informational Text/Culture and History. Students analyze, make inferences and draw conclusions about the author's purpose in cultural, historical, and contemporary contexts and provide evidence from the text to support their understanding. Students are expected to analyze the controlling idea and specific purpose of a passage and the textual elements that support and elaborate it, including both the most important details and the less important details.		TG: 19; 20; 21; 22; 23;24; 31; 32; 34; 35; 42; 43; 44; 45; 46; 47; 48; 60; 61, 62; 63; 64; 65	TG: 29-30; 40-41; 51-52; 64-
(9) Reading/Comprehension of Informational Text/Expository Text. Students analyze, make inferences and draw conclusions about expository text and provide evidence from text to support their understanding. Students are expected to:			
(A) summarize text and distinguish between a summary and a critique and identify non-essential information in a summary and unsubstantiated opinions in a critique;	TG: 23; 37; 47; 53-54	TG: 28; 32; 39-40; 43; 44; 47; 48; 49	
(B) distinguish among different kinds of evidence (e.g., logical, empirical, anecdotal) used to support conclusions and arguments in texts;			TG: 19; 29-30; 40-41; 51-52; 64-66
(C) make and defend subtle inferences and complex conclusions about the ideas in text and their organizational patterns; and		TG: 54; 59; 60; 61; 62; 63; 64; 65; 76; 78;	TG: 26
(D) synthesize and make logical connections between ideas and details in several texts selected to reflect a range of viewpoints on the same topic and support those findings with textual evidence.	TG: 23; 37; 47; 53-54	TG: 25-26; 36-37; 50-52	TG: 19; 29-30; 40-41; 51-52; 64-66
(10) Reading/Comprehension of Informational Text/Persuasive Text. Students analyze, make inferences and draw conclusions about persuasive text and provide evidence from text to support their analysis. Students are expected to:			

	G	NTS	
	GOVERNMENT & CURRENT EVER Individual Rights: The Three Branches of		We the People: Foundations
	Blessings of Liberty	Government	of American Government
§110.32. English Language Arts and Reading, English II, Beginning with School Year 2009-2010			
(A) explain shifts in perspective in arguments about	TG: 27; 39; 53; 66	TG: 25-26; 36-37; 50-52	TG: 36; 43-44; 49; 51-52
the same topic and evaluate the accuracy of the			
evidence used to support the different viewpoints within those arguments; and			
(11) Reading/Comprehension of Informational			
Text/Procedural Texts. Students understand how to			
glean and use information in procedural texts and			
documents. Students are expected to:			
(A) evaluate text for the clarity of its graphics and its		SB: 9-11; 12-13, 14-15, 16-	
visual appeal; and		17; 23; 31; 32; 37; 39; 47; 51;	
		69; 77; 78; 80; 83; 87; 89; 98;	
		107; 111; 113; 115; 117;	
		119; 130; 132;133; 135; 136;	
(B) synthesize information from multiple graphical	SE: 9-11; 12-13; 25; 66; 70;		SE: 9-33; 36; 30-41; 45; 47;
sources to draw conclusions about the ideas	76; 85		49; 54; 60; 67; 68; 77; 81-83;
presented (e.g., maps, charts, schematics).		69; 77; 78; 80; 83; 87; 89; 98;	
		107; 111; 113; 115; 117;	112-113; 116; 119; 123; 125;
		119; 130; 132;133; 135; 136;	128; 132; 134-135; 137; 140;
			143
(12) Reading/Media Literacy. Students use			
comprehension skills to analyze how words, images,			
graphics, and sounds work together in various forms			
to impact meaning. Students will continue to apply			
earlier standards with greater depth in increasingly			
more complex texts. Students are expected to:			
(A) evaluate how messages presented in media reflect		SB: 9-11; 12-13, 14-15, 16-	TG: 37; 60
social and cultural views in ways different from		17; 23; 31; 32; 37; 39; 47; 51;	
traditional texts;		69; 77; 78; 80; 83; 87; 89; 98;	
		107; 111; 113; 115; 117;	
		119; 130; 132;133; 135; 136;	
(13) Writing/Writing Process. Students use elements			
of the writing process (planning, drafting, revising,			
editing, and publishing) to compose text. Students are expected to:			
(A) plan a first draft by selecting the correct genre for	TG; 27; 40; 67	TG: 25-26; 36-37; 50-53	TG: 22; 23; 25; 38; 48; 61
conveying the intended meaning to multiple			
audiences, determining appropriate topics through a			
range of strategies (e.g., discussion, background			
reading, personal interests, interviews), and			
developing a thesis or controlling idea;			
(B) structure ideas in a sustained and persuasive way	TG; 27; 40; 67	TG: 25-26; 36-37; 50-53	TG: 22; 23; 25; 38; 48; 61
(e.g., using outlines, note taking, graphic organizers,			
lists) and develop drafts in timed and open-ended			
situations that include transitions and rhetorical			
devices used to convey meaning;			
(C) revise drafts to improve style, word choice,	TG; 27; 40; 67	TG: 77	TG: 74
figurative language, sentence variety, and subtlety of			
meaning after rethinking how well questions of			
purpose, audience, and genre have been addressed;			
	1	1	

	GOVERNMENT & CURRENT EVENTS			
	Individual Rights: The Blessings of Liberty	The Three Branches of Government	We the People: Foundations of American Government	
§110.32. English Language Arts and Reading, English				
II, Beginning with School Year 2009-2010				
(D) edit drafts for grammar, mechanics, and spelling;	TG: 73	TG: 77	TG: 74	
and				
(E) revise final draft in response to feedback from peers and teacher and publish written work for	TG: 73	TG: 77	TG: 74	
appropriate audiences.				
(15) Writing/Expository and Procedural Texts.			TG: 48; 62; 63	
Students write expository and procedural or work-				
related texts to communicate ideas and information to				
specific audiences for specific purposes. Students are				
expected to:				
(A) write an analytical essay of sufficient length that includes:	TG: 19; 34; 37; 47; 49; 52; 52; 60; 61; 62; 63; 64	TG: 25-26; 32; 35; 36-37; 45; 47; 50-52; 59; 60; 70		
(i) effective introductory and concluding paragraphs	TG: 19; 39-40; 47	TG: 25-26; 32; 35; 36-37; 45;		
and a variety of sentence structures;		47; 50-52; 59; 60; 70		
(ii) rhetorical devices, and transitions between	TG: 19; 39-40; 47	TG: 25-26; 32; 35; 36-37; 45;		
paragraphs;		47; 50-52; 59; 60; 70		
(iii) a thesis or controlling idea;	TG: 19; 39-40; 47	TG: 25-26; 32; 35; 36-37; 45;		
		47; 50-52; 59; 60; 70		
(iv) an organizing structure appropriate to purpose,	TG: 19; 39-40; 47	TG: 25-26; 32; 35; 36-37; 45;		
audience, and context;		47; 50-52; 59; 60; 70		
(v) relevant evidence and well-chosen details; and	TG: 19; 39-40; 47	TG: 25-26; 32; 35; 36-37; 45;		
		47; 50-52; 59; 60; 70		
(vi) distinctions about the relative value of specific	TG: 19; 39-40; 47			
data, facts, and ideas that support the thesis				
statement;	TO 40 00 04 00 04 06	TO 00 64 TO	TO 07 00 00 FO FO 60	
(D) produce a multimedia presentation (e.g.,	TG: 18; 20; 21; 32; 34; 36;	TG: 33; 61; 72	TG: 27; 28; 38; 50; 58; 63	
documentary, class newspaper, docudrama,	52; 54; 62			
infomercial, visual or textual parodies, theatrical production) with graphics, images, and sound that				
conveys a distinctive point of view and appeals to a				
specific audience.				
(16) Writing/Persuasive Texts. Students write		TG: 19; 25-26; 49; 56; 61; 62;	TG: 23: 57: 58	
persuasive texts to influence the attitudes or actions		70	10. 23, 37, 30	
of a specific audience on specific issues. Students are				
expected to write an argumentative essay to the				
appropriate audience that includes:				
	TC: 27: 40: 67			
(A) a clear thesis or position based on logical reasons supported by precise and relevant evidence;	TG; 27; 40; 67			
(B) consideration of the whole range of information	TG; 27; 40; 67			
and views on the topic and accurate and honest	10, 27, 40, 07			
representation of these views (i.e., in the author's own				
words and not out of context);				
(C) counter-arguments based on evidence to	TG; 27; 40; 67			
anticipate and address objections;				
(20) Research/Research Plan. Students ask open-	TG: 19, 21, 22, 23, 25, 33, 34,		TG: 36; 44; 55; 66; 67; 68	
ended research questions and develop a plan for	36, 37, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50,	55; 60; 61; 62; 64; 65; 70		
answering them. Students are expected to:	53-54; 62; 69; 70; 72			
(21) Research/Gathering Sources. Students determine,	TG: 19, 21, 22, 23, 25, 33, 34,	TG: 23; 23; 34; 42; 4; 46; 48;	TG: 36; 44; 55; 66; 67; 68	
locate, and explore the full range of relevant sources	36, 37, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50			
addressing a research question and systematically	,53-54; 62; 69; 70; 72			
record the information they gather. Students are				
expected to:				
	w: perfectionlearning.co	m		

	GC	OVERNMENT & CURRENT EVE	NTS
	Individual Rights: The	he Three Branches of	We the People: Foundations
	Blessings of Liberty	Government	of American Government
§110.32. English Language Arts and Reading, English II, Beginning with School Year 2009-2010			
(22) Research/Synthesizing Information. Students clarify research questions and evaluate and synthesize collected information. Students are expected to:	TG: 19, 21, 22, 23, 25, 33, 34, 36, 37, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 53-54; 62; 69; 70; 72		TG: 36; 44; 55; 66; 67; 68
(23) Research/Organizing and Presenting Ideas. Students organize and present their ideas and information according to the purpose of the research and their audience. Students are expected to synthesize the research into a written or an oral presentation that:	TG: 19, 21, 22, 23, 25, 33, 34, 36, 37, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 53-54; 62; 69; 70; 72		TG: 36; 44; 55; 66; 67; 68
(25) Listening and Speaking/Speaking. Students speak clearly and to the point, using the conventions of language. Students will continue to apply earlier standards with greater complexity. Students are expected to advance a coherent argument that incorporates a clear thesis and a logical progression of valid evidence from reliable sources and that employs eye contact, speaking rate (e.g., pauses for effect), volume, enunciation, purposeful gestures, and conventions of language to communicate ideas effectively.	TG: 21; 23; 32; 36; 46; 49; 52; 70	TG: 20; 22; 37; 43; 49; 70	TG: 39; 57; 58; 60
(26) Listening and Speaking/Teamwork. Students work productively with others in teams. Students will continue to apply earlier standards with greater complexity. Students are expected to participate productively in teams, building on the ideas of others, contributing relevant information, developing a plan for consensus-building, and setting ground rules for decision-making.	TG: 23; 24 ; 33; 51; 60; 62	TG: 19; 20; 22; 23; 24; 31; 32; 34; 35; 37; 42; 43; 44; 45; 46; 47; 48; 49; 63; 64; 65, 70	TG: 47; 48; 49; 50; 56; 59; 61; 62